would be involved, including alternates; and

- (4) Type of support needed from the agency; e.g., facilities, equipment, materials, or personnel resources.
- (c) Supporting information including—
- (1) Proposed price or total estimated cost for the effort in sufficient detail for meaningful evaluation;
- (2) Period of time for which the proposal is valid (a six month minimum is suggested);
  - (3) Type of contract preferred;
  - (4) Proposed duration of effort;
- (5) Brief description of the organization, previous experience in the field, and facilities to be used; and
- (6) Required statements, if applicable, about organizational conflicts of interest, security clearances, and environmental impacts.

## 15.506 Agency procedures.

- (a) Agencies shall establish procedures, including assurance of accountability, for controlling the receipt, evaluation, and timely disposition of proposals consistent with the requirements of this subpart. The procedures shall include controls on the reproduction and disposition of proposal material, particularly data identified by the offeror as subject to duplication, use, or disclosure restrictions.
- (b) Agencies shall establish contact points (see 15.504) to coordinate the receipt and handling of unsolicited proposals. Contact points outside agency contracting offices shall coordinate with qualified contracting personnel.

[48 FR 42187, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 38516, Sept. 18, 1990]

## 15.506-1 Receipt and initial review.

- (a) Before initiating a comprehensive evaluation, the agency contact point shall determine if the unsolicited proposal—
- (1) Contains sufficient technical and cost information;
- (2) Has been approved by a responsible official or other representative authorized to contractually obligate the offeror; and
- (3) Complies with the marking requirements of 15.509.
- (b) If the proposal meets these requirements, the contact point shall

promptly acknowledge and process the proposal. If it does not, the contact point shall provide the offeror an opportunity to submit the required data.

(c) Agencies are not required to perform comprehensive evaluations of unsolicited proposals not related to their missions. If such proposals are received, the agency contact point shall promptly reply to the offeror, state how the agency interprets the proposal, and why it is not being evaluated.

# 15.506-2 Evaluation.

- (a) Comprehensive evaluations shall be coordinated by the agency contact point, who shall attach or imprint on each unsolicited proposal circulated for evaluation the legend required by 15.509(d). When performing a comprehensive evaluation of an unsolicited proposal, evaluators shall consider the following factors, in addition to any others appropriate for the particular proposal:
- (1) Unique and innovative methods, approaches, or concepts demonstrated by the proposal.
- (2) Overall scientific, technical, or socio-economic merits of the proposal.
- (3) Potential contribution of the effort to the agency's specific mission.
- (4) The offeror's capabilities, related experience, facilities, techniques, or unique combinations of these which are integral factors for achieving the proposal objectives.
- (5) The qualifications, capabilities, and experience of the proposed principal investigator, team leader, or key personnel who are critical in achieving the proposal objectives.
- (b) The evaluators shall notify the coordinating office of their conclusions and recommendations when the evaluation is completed.

[48 FR 42187, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 50 FR 1740, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985]

# 15.507 Contracting methods.

(a) A favorable comprehensive evaluation of an unsolicited proposal does not, in itself, justify awarding a contract without providing for full and open competition. Agency contact

points shall return an unsolicited proposal to the offeror, citing reasons, when its substance—

- (1) Is available to the Government without restriction from another source:
- (2) Closely resembles a pending competitive acquisition requirement; or
- (3) Does not demonstrate an innovative and unique method, approach, or concept.
- (b) The contracting officer may commence negotiation only when—
- (1) The unsolicited proposal has received a favorable comprehensive evaluation:
- (2) The unsolicited proposal is not of the character described in 15.507(a);
- (3) The agency technical office sponsoring the contract supports its recommendation with facts and circumstances that preclude competition, including consideration of the evaluation factors in 15.506–2(a), furnishes the necessary funds, and provides the certification required by 6.303–2(b);
- (4) The contracting officer has complied with the synopsis requirements of subpart 5.2; and
- (5) The contracting officer has executed any justification and obtained any approval or determination and findings that is required by subpart 6.3. (For unsolicited research proposals, see 6.302–1(a)(2)(i). A valid unsolicited proposal for other than research may be accepted only if otherwise permissible under other provisions of subpart 6.3.)
- (c) If the unsolicited proposal is acceptable for award without competition, the agency and offeror shall use the proposal as the basis for negotiation.

[48 FR 42187, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 50 FR 1740, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 52433, Dec. 23, 1985]

#### 15.508 Prohibitions.

(a) Government personnel shall not use any data, concept, idea, or other part of an unsolicited proposal as the basis, or part of the basis, for a solicitation or in negotiations with any other firm unless the offeror is notified of and agrees to the intended use. However, this prohibition does not preclude using any data, concept, or idea available to the Government from other sources without restriction.

(b) Government personnel shall not disclose restrictively marked information (see 15.509 and 3.104) included in an unsolicited proposal. The disclosure of such information concerning trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, apparatus, and other matters, except as authorized by law, may result in criminal penalties under 18 U.S.C. 1905.

[48 FR 42187, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 36795, Sept. 6, 1990]

### 15.509 Limited use of data.

(a) An unsolicited proposal may include data that the offeror does not want disclosed for any purpose other than evaluation. If the offeror wishes to restrict the proposal, the title page must be marked with the following legend:

#### USE AND DISCLOSURE OF DATA

The data in this proposal shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed in whole or in part for any purpose other than to evaluate the proposal; provided, that if a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of or in connection with the submission of these data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in the data if it is obtainable from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction contained

(b) The offeror shall also mark each restricted sheet with the following legend:

Use or disclosure of proposal data is subject to the restriction on the title page of this Proposal.

- (c) The coordinating office shall return to the offeror any unsolicited proposal marked with a legend different from that provided in 15.509(a). The return letter will state that the proposal cannot be considered because it is impracticable for the Government to comply with the legend and that the agency will consider the proposal if it is resubmitted with the proper legend.
- (d) The coordinating office shall place a cover sheet on the proposal or clearly mark it as follows, unless the offeror clearly states in writing that no